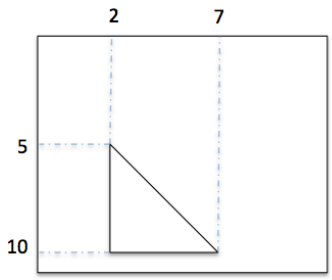
Recursion and Fractals

In this problem set, we will assume that there is a graphics library available that will allow us to draw triangles and squares on the screen. We will assume that the following functions are available:

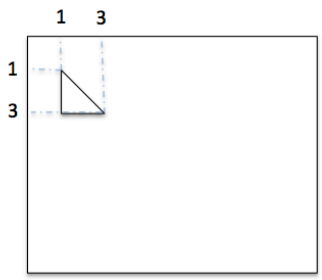
```
/*
 *    Purpose:  draws a right-angled, isosceles triangle on the screen.
 *              The top left corner of the screen is mapped to (0,0).
 *    Param:    int x - x-coordinate of the upper vertex
 *    Param:    int y - y-coordinate of the upper vertex
 *    Param:    int size - length of the equal/shorter sides
 */
void triangle(int x, int y, int size);
```

Sample output for `triangle` follows:

`triangle(2, 5, 5);`



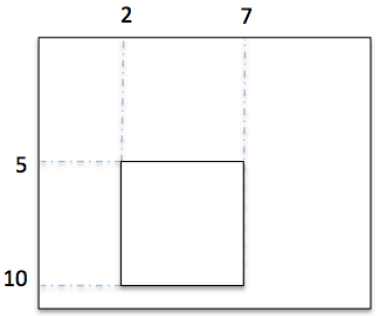
`triangle(1, 1, 2);`



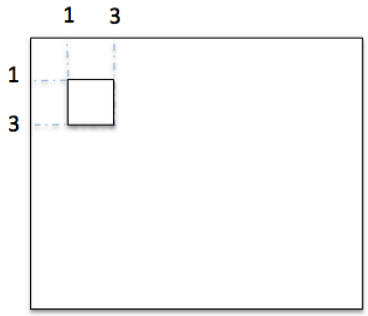
```
/*
 *    Purpose:  draws a square on the screen.
 *              The top left corner of the screen is mapped to (0,0).
 *    Param:    int x - x-coordinate of the upper left vertex
 *    Param:    int y - y-coordinate of the upper left vertex
 *    Param:    int size - length of the sides
 */
void square(int x, int y, int size);
```

Sample output for `square` follows:

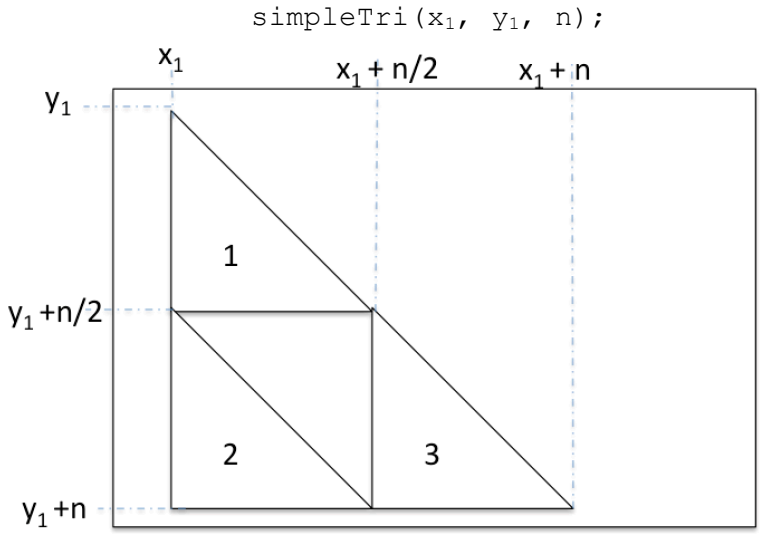
`square(2, 5, 5);`



`square(1, 1, 2);`



1 (a) Write a function `simpleTri` that draws the illustrated picture using three right-angled, isosceles triangle. The (x, y) coordinates of the upper vertex, and an integer that specifies the `size` of the picture are taken as parameters. Sample output for `simpleTri` follows:

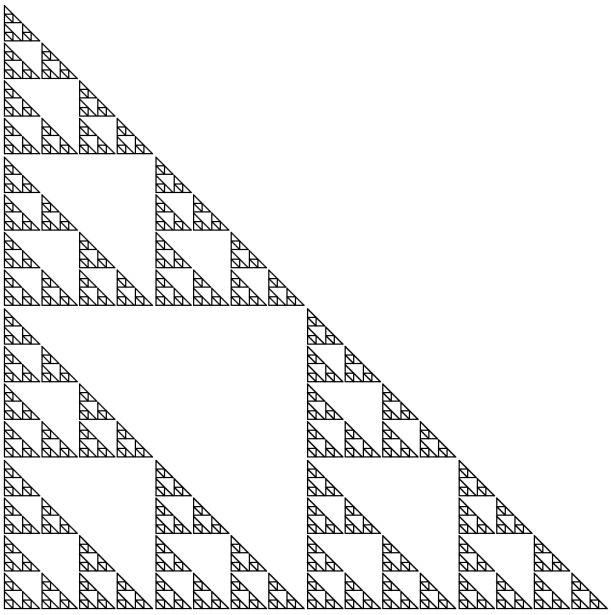


Note: This question is not to be answered recursively.

```
/*
 *    Purpose: draws a simple picture using triangles as
 *             illustrated in the Fractals worksheet.
 *    Param:   int x - x-coordinate of the upper vertex
 *    Param:   int y - y-coordinate of the upper vertex
 *    Param:   int size - size of the picture
 */
```

1 (b) Write a function `fancyTri` that draws a fancy picture using triangles, as illustrated below. The (x, y) coordinates of the upper vertex, and an integer that specifies the `size` of the picture are taken as parameters. The size of the biggest triangle used must be smaller than 10.

```
fancyTri(0, 0, 500);
```



```
/*
  *     Purpose: draws a fancy picture using triangles as illustrated in
  *              the Fractals worksheet.
  *
  *     Param:   int x – x-coordinate of the upper vertex
  *     Param:   int y – y-coordinate of the upper vertex
  *     Param:   int size – size of the picture
  */
```

2 (a) Write a function `fancySquare` that draws a fancy picture using squares, as illustrated below. The (x, y) coordinates of the upper vertex, and an integer that specifies the `size` of the picture are taken as parameters. The size of the biggest square used must be smaller than 10.

```
fancySquare(0, 0, 500);
```